

Walking routes

1 Liselund Park, 2.5 km

Liselund Park is a romantic garden from the end of 17th century. It was designed by Antoine de la Calmette as a token of his love for his wife, Lisa. You can sense a special atmosphere in Liselund Park. The specially refined way of laying out the garden was popular in the end of the 17th century: the fine lines, the lakes, the exotic trees, the little buildings. It is an utterly organised garden; in stark contrast to the more wild countryside at Møns Klint. Take a walk around the park, and go down to the Skriversøen lake, up towards Kragehøj and back to the park again. If you have time, you can take the beach tour down the stairs through the canyon Djævlekløften. You can also take a conducted tour of the old manor house of Liselund Slot. On the back of the building you can find information about time and prices.

For more information (in Danish) visit www.natmus.dk/sw21310.asp or read one of the many books about Liselund.

2 Jydelejet, 3.3 km

Jydelejet north of Klinteskov is a soft and rounded valley, and with scattered groups of beech, juniper berries and other bushes it cuts through the landscape behind the cliff. Cattle have cropped the area for centuries, and thus removed nutrition and only added some again sporadically. The chalk is found right beneath the surface of the earth, meaning that there are a large number of rare plants here, e.g. orchids. Walking through Jydelejet to the edge of the cliff is a wonderful route.

Take a walk south along the edge of the cliff and enjoy a grand view from Lille Taler and the remains of Store Taler which collapsed into the ocean in January 2007. Follow the pathway past Hylledals Slugt where each year impressive quantities of clay, sand and chalk are washed away with the rain along the narrow canyon facing the beach. The walk through Klinteskov gives you the peace and quiet to absorb all these impressions. The highest point on Møn is Aborrebjerg, 143 m above the ocean. Here you can really appreciate the view. You might be fortunate enough to see all the way to Stevns in the north, and the bridges Farøbroerne and Mønsbroen to the west.

3 Havrelukke, 3.0 km

All that Møns Klint is known for can be experienced on the Havrelukke tour: the forest, the pasture, the cliff, the historical monuments, the profusion of flowers, the bird life and the tranquillity.

Begin your tour at the Havrelukke picnic site and walk down through the Grimsdalen valley. The forest here is unspoiled. Many dead trees stand or lie and are habitats for insects, moss and fungi. Already when reaching the open pastures at Havrelukke, and also in Grimsdalen, the soil is chalky, and thus fertile for rare flora such as many orchids. The cliff at Sandskredsfaldet is not as steep as many other places at Møns Klint. However, you should be able to find a place with a good view where you can sit down and enjoy life - and maybe watch the peregrine falcon fly past.

When you reach Svantestenen you might wonder about how this huge stone landed here. Legend says that a Swedish sorceress was furious that Christianity was spreading in the north, and she therefore took a Swedish granite stone, and with her garter, she catapulted it all the way to the church of Magleby. The stone hit the church tower, fell back and landed in the Klinteskov forest. And that's a true story...

4 Møns Klint, northern circular walk, 2.7 km

Take a walk up north from GeoCenter Møns Klint to visit the highest viewpoint of the cliff with its 128 meters almost perpendicular drop down to the beach. Previously the edge of the cliff formed a cutting like a chair. Legend says that the queen of the Cliff King would sit there and survey the ocean whenever the Cliff King sailed on expeditions - giving it the name Dronningestolen (the queen's chair). Continue up north a few hundred metres until you reach "Forchammers Pynt". The view from up here is spectacular. In the north you will see the folds of chalk in the flint layers as proof of the upward thrust of the cliff during the ice age.

Walk 100 metres north and look at the face of Cliff King profiled in the cliff - 10 metres high. On your way up the stairs to Røde Udfald, enjoy the forest and the many marvellous viewpoints. On your way back to the beach under the cliff you will be walking on great banks of alluvial flint stone. These have all washed off the cliff through time and are now transported by the water and current north around the island of Møn. On the beach you will have an obvious opportunity to look for fossils and various stones.

5 Møns Klint, southern circular walk, 2.3 km

If you wish to see a little more of Møns Klint on top as well as on the beach, taking a walk past Gråryg is a grand idea. From GeoCenter you walk south up the cliff path, past the remains of Freuchens Pynt, which fell into the ocean in 1998. Once you reach Sandfaldet and Sommerspirspynten, enjoy the view, the grandeur and the tranquillity before you continue on your way. Sommerspiret fell into the ocean in 1988 but the point is still worth noticing as the peregrine falcons often sit here and keep look-out.

On the beach between stairways of Grårygtrappen and Maglevandstrappen there are parts with flint stone, mixed erratic boulders, fossils and sandy beaches. Make sure you have enough time to look for fossils, enjoy the view and climb the stairs with 468 and 494 steps, respectively.

6 The estate Klintholm Gods and Klinteskov, 9.0 km

The tour around the private part of Klinteskov stretches far, and is filled with major natural and cultural sights. You may choose to shorten the tour by cutting across. See the map.

The tour around Klinteskov is characterised by varying forests of deciduous and coniferous trees. The hard terrain always provides for new adventures, and there is ample opportunity to study the profusion of flowers and bird life.

Remember that in the private forest you are only permitted to travel on roads and pathways! And only from 6 a.m. until sunset.

Klintholm Gods has been in the possession of the Scavenius family since 1798. Also Møns Klint and the eastern part of Klinteskov belonged to Klintholm Gods until the area was sold to the state in 1980.

7 Høvblege, 2.2 km

Høvblege is a wonderful area for anyone who appreciates flowers and butterflies. On the sunny southern slopes, the chalk is close to the surface of the earth. This means that you can find the most diverse and rare plants in Denmark, including orchids. The black-spotted blue butterfly lives here - the only place in Denmark.

Take the walk north from the car park. At the top you can enjoy the view of the Baltic Sea. Continue on through the gate in the fence and give yourself plenty of time. During spring and summer, orchids and a multitude of other beautiful flowers blossom. Enjoy the close atmosphere between the old mulberry bushes on the tour past Kongens Køkken and up to Kongsbjerg, which at 135 metres above the ocean offers a formidable view.

Kridtstien

Cycling and hiking paths between Camping Møns Klint and GeoCenter Møns Klint provide for a pleasant trip through Klinteskov - free from cars and noise.



DANGER! LANDSLIDES!
WALKING IN THE CLIFF AREA IS AT YOUR OWN RISK.
 Landslides occur mostly in winter and spring, but can occur all year round.

PROTECT the forest and its assets
BE AWARE of the risk of fire
DO NOT drop litter
DO NOT pick or dig up plants

Legend

- Public road
- Forest road, motor vehicles permitted
- Forest road, motor vehicles not permitted
- Forest path
- Bridle path
- Dikes
- Barrow
- Deciduous trees
- Coniferous trees
- Fields
- Meadow, marsh
- Commons
- Urban area, garden

Light shaded areas are privately owned. Dark shaded areas are owned by the Ministry of the Environment.

- Information
- Toilets
- Parking area
- Restaurant
- Picnic area
- Campsite with shelter
- Simple camping area
- Viewing spot
- Marked cycle routes
- Chalk path, Cycle- and walking path

