

Experiences

- 1 The Oak-Hazel Forest.** Some trees in the ancient oak-hazel forest are more than 400 years old.
- 2 The Tree with the Hole.** The legend tells, that pushing through the hole in the large oak will prevent and cure diseases.
- 3 The Virgin Stone.** Young virgins were sacrificed here according to folktales.
- 4 The Pulpit.** Here, you find the remains of the giant oak "The Pulpit", which may be more than 500 years old.
- 5 Livø town.** Most of the buildings are from the period 1911-1961, when the island was home to mentally deficient men.
- 6 Livø Home farm.** The farm is operated as an organic test and display farm, raising Angus beef cattle and cultivating old varieties of grain.
- 7 The Louisedal Slopes.** From here, you may enjoy the beautiful vistas from Livø Bredning to Blinderøn, Mors and Thy.
- 8 Louisehøj.** In the area around Louisedal, you also find Louisehøj, the highest point of the island, 43 m above sea level.
- 9 The western viewtower.** From here, there are fine views of Fur, Mors and Liv Tap, which is a nature reserve and a seal and bird sanctuary.
- 10 The northern viewtower.** From here, there are views of the moor and the coastline of western Himmerland. From here, you can also see Kellerstenen (stone).
- 11 Rigkær.** This is a waterlogged meadow. If you are interested in botany, you may be lucky to find rare plants in this high-diversity area.
- 12 Hesselbjerg.** From Hesselbjerg, you have vistas from Liv Tap to Vitskøl Kloster, Trend and Ertebølle.
- 13 Krumhøkerhuset.** The boulder foundation of the old royally chartered inn, which served passing sailors from the mid-1800s is still visible.

Practical information

Livø, an area of outstanding beauty, is located in Limfjorden some 10 km south-east of Løgstør. Since 1977, the entire island, except the small town, has been a natural reserve, preserving its landscape and nature.

At Livø, you find examples of nearly all types of Danish nature, including flat coastal meadows, dry commons, steep slopes and slipping, overgrown escarpments. In terms of animals, the island is best known for its deer and seals.

Area: 320 hectares, distributed thus: 1/3 organic farming, 1/3 moor, coastal meadows and commons and 1/3 forest.
Plants: Deciduous open mixed-oak forests and coniferous.
Animals: Deer, which have lived here since the middle ages.



Livø ferry departs from the port Rønbjerg Havn several times every day from mid-April to mid-October. The ferry only carries people, which means that cars, motorcycles and mopeds must be left at the parking facilities of Rønbjerg Havn. Canoes/kayaks may be brought across. See www.miniline.dk



You are not permitted to bring cars, motorcycles and mopeds to the island.



Visitors are not permitted to bring dogs to the island out of consideration for local animal life.



It is, to some extent, possible to move around Livø in a wheelchair, however, as the island is wild nature, there are limitations. Visitors with mobility issues are permitted to bring electrical wheelchairs and electrical quad bikes to the island.

Find the Danish Nature Agency digital guide to Livø at www.nst.dk/livoe

For current events and visiting Livø Feriecenter, visit www.livo.dk



Ministry of Environment
and Food of Denmark
Nature Agency

www.naturstyrelsen.dk
Tlf. 72 54 30 00

• Livø



Ministry of Environment
and Food of Denmark
Nature Agency

Livø



Livø



Legend

- Forest road, no motor vehicles
- - - Forest trail, path
- · - Earth dike
- Deciduous forest
- Coniferous forest
- Field
- Marsh/meadow
- Commons/moor
- Sea/lake
- Urban area
- ⚙ Tumulus
- WC Toilet facilities
- 🏰 Viewing tower
- ⛺ Primitive campsite
- Marked walking trail

